Purpose of Fund Raising

Fund raisers should promote healthy youth development. In addition to raising funds, the project should be one in which 4-H members can have an educational experience and learn life skills. Fund raising should only be conducted to meet a specific goal established through broad input of a 4-H organization’s membership. Generally money raised during the course of the 4-H year should be spent that same year unless the fund raising goal is long term, such as the establishment of an endowment fund. It is not recommended that 4-H entities hold more than one year’s operating budget in reserve.

Guidelines for Fund Raising

• **All money raised using the 4-H Name and Emblem must be used for 4-H activities.** Because the funds are publicly accountable, they must be used to pay for educational programs, activities, workshops or supplies. Funds raised in the name of 4-H become the property of 4-H (4-H funds are not the property of individuals who may have helped raise the funds). Funds are not to be raised in the name of particular individual (member or leader). They must not be used for personal financial gain for any individual. Pocket money, personal items and souvenirs are clearly not legitimate uses of money raised in the name of 4-H.

• At the club level, the club should approve the fund raising goal and the fund raising project being undertaken. Fund raising should not be the main focus of group activities nor exclude any individual from participating. 4-H clubs are expected to support the financial needs of the total group and when possible, assist with participant costs in county, state, and national programs.

• To ensure safety for 4-H members and leaders, door-to-door solicitation is discouraged. Individual solicitation should be done with family and friends.

• All funds raised become part of the club’s treasury and should be handled in accordance with the guidelines specified in the 4-H Club Treasurer Handbook. It is important to have accurate records of the funds raised.

• Check with local and state authorities on health, licensing, labeling, labor and tax laws.

• Fund raising must not be used to endorse, or imply endorsement, of a particular business or product.

• If a 4-H organization intends to raise funds on behalf of another organization, the purpose of the fund raising should be clearly communicated **at the time the fund raising is conducted.** For example, if a county horse project wants to raise funds to build a horse barn on the county fairgrounds, the fund raising information should clearly communicate the funds raised by the 4-H horse project will be donated to the county fair to provide funds to build a new horse barn on the fairgrounds.
Raffles

4-H groups that plan to conduct raffles or bingo must comply with state regulations and obtain licenses. Any 4-H organization that plans to hold a raffle must obtain a raffle license from the State of Wisconsin License, Permit and Registration Services:

Use of the 4-H Name and Emblem in Fund Raising

There are rules about the use of the 4-H Name and Emblem in fund raising. The 4-H Youth Development staff member at the county level needs to review the fund raising plan prior to placing the 4-H Name and Emblem on a product for sale. The nature of the product, scope of the fund raising project and location of the vendor are all considerations in determining if approval can be granted at the local level, or if approval is needed on the state or national level. Anyone wishing to use the 4-H Name and Emblem in a way that does not specify a local or state program, should seek authorization to use the 4-H Name and Emblem from National 4-H Headquarters at USDA. Information on using the 4-H Name and Emblem is located at:
http://www.national4-hheadquarters.gov/emblem/4h_name.htm.